

PIONEER TELLS OF DAYS WHEN ARIZONA WAS IN THE MAKING

Former Metallurgist, in the Santa Rita Mines Came Here When Tucson and Tubac Were the Only Settlements.

PHOENIX, April 12.—"This is my first trip over Arizona since I left the Territory in 1861," said Raphael Pumpelly of Newport, R. I., and Dublin, Me.

Pumpelly was metallurgist at the Santa Rita mines in 1859 and 1861, and may truthfully claim to be about the last of the pioneer miners of the state who is still alive and active. He made the present trip to show his son and daughters and their families the ground over which he tramped, in momentary danger of his life, so many years ago.

"When I came to Arizona," said he, "there were but two settlements, those at Tubac and Tucson. There was no law of any kind, no civil authority, and the powers of the government were faintly exercised by two army posts, one at Fort Buchanan, and the other in the north."

"Every man was a law unto himself, and right here I want to pay a word of tribute to the men who, in such conditions, laid firm and true the foundations of the splendid civilization that now exists where so few years ago there was neither population nor development. Rough and ready they may have been, but I never met one who was not all man and who was responsive to good surroundings. We had our share of 'bad men,' but they were surprisingly few and, as a rule, did not last long."

"Such men as Rhodes, Pete Kitchen, Donaldson and Ward, it is a pleasure to remember, and no honor is too great to be paid them. They were men of action, of perception, of quickness and of great hearts. So far as I can discover, Samuel Hughes and Captain Poehman are about the only survivors of the many men I knew in those days."

"I was with Charles D. Poston and was metallurgist at the Santa Rita when we were compelled to abandon it at the time of the murder of the five chiefs who accompanied Cochise to the fatal conference at Apache Pass. I have written the exact facts of this occurrence in my book, 'Across America and Asia,' extracts from which are given on pages 21 et seq. of Farish's new history of Arizona. What I said there are the absolute facts, and I believe they are so recognized now. The entire affair was an act of treachery committed by an officer of the United States under a flag of truce, and to it may be attributed the whole series of Indian wars. The Apaches never bothered us much. They would occasionally steal a cow or two, but their source of plunder was in Mexico."

"When the troops were withdrawn, we were forced to abandon the territory, and my own escape was made with death threatening me at every step. H. C. Grosvenor, the superintendent of the mine, was killed as we were making our way out, and Robinson, the bookkeeper, and I made our escape after a series of adventures that, as I look back on them, make me think that some special Providence had us in its care."

"From Arizona I went to Asia on the invitation of the Japanese government and, for them, I conducted archaeological explorations for almost three years. I was chosen on a Chinese commission to search for coal and, after successfully completing the task, came home by way of the Gobi desert and Siberia. I reached the United States again in 1865."

"My explorations in Central Asia have been published by the Smithsonian Institute and are, I think, on file at your state university library. I gave up active professional work about 1900, and this year decided to bring my family to Arizona, to look over the old scenes and let them see what civilization has done. In my party are my son, Raphael Wells Pumpelly, and my daughters, Mrs. H. L. Smythe, and T. H. Cabot, with their families. We will leave this afternoon for the exposition on the coast and will then return home."

Asked as to his recollections of Phoenix, Pumpelly said: "When I was in Arizona, there was no such place, and I can recall nothing about the Salt River Valley. It is possible there may have been some settlers here, but I do not think so, as the influx did not come until after the close of the civil war. I will say, however, that I was hardly prepared to find so splendid and evidently so progressive a city as you have here, nor did I ever think that I should live to see such a beautiful spot in Arizona as you have in this wonderful valley."

In the Superior Court of this county, Judge McAllister presiding, O. J. Cotey was given judgment against Greenlee county in the sum of \$5580. The suit was tried several months ago before Judge McAllister and submitted on briefs. The case grew out of damages on the Metcalf road from waters during the course of its construction. It has not been decided as yet whether or not the county will take an appeal to the Supreme Court of the State.

MARSHALL HAS VERY LITTLE USE FOR EUGENICS

Vice-President Cites His Own Family as Proof That Sickly Parents Have Children Who Are Proficient.

PHOENIX, April 12.—"If its object is to breed a race of prize fighters, the eugenic movement is all right," declared Vice-President Thomas R. Marshall.

Mr. Marshall is a typical Arizona rancher. His home in Scottsdale is not superior to other homes, nor does the presiding officer of the United States feel superior to other men who have transformed arid desert into the garden spot of the west. He shares the joys and sorrows of the neighbors and with them yesterday attended the funeral of Young Richard Thomas of Tempe.

He was in a thoughtful mood for even in this glorious climate where there have been innumerable tubercular cures, there have also been victims of the great white plague.

"Should the sick marry?" "Well, I should so say," quickly replied the vice-president. "When I was governor of Indiana a leader in the eugenic movement sought my cooperation. He came laden with charts by way of illustration. The first evidence was the seven weak-minded children that resulted from the union of a tubercular man and a cancerous woman. My answer to him was my father had tuberculosis, my mother a cancer. While he may not have considered my response an argument against eugenics he was sufficiently polite to consider the argument closed."

"Who would have liked to have been responsible for denying the world a Leats, Byrd?" he questioned. The vice-president asserts that marriages based entirely on eugenics have not proven successful. "Ninety-nine times out of one hundred such marriages end in divorce court after six months trial. It is all very well if its purpose is only for breeding prize fighters."

The question of class distinction is another matter for the vice-president believes that aristocracy and good red blood might mix to the betterment of both. He is typical Marshallism: "Some folks like to boil the roots of their ancestral tree for afternoon tea."

GRAHAM COUNTY SEAT MAY MOVE

Election to Decide Between Solomonville and Safford Is Set For May 11.

Safford, April 7.—A delegation of Safford business men, headed by Mayor Brashears, fired the opening gun in the fight for the county seat, when they filed their petitions with the board of supervisors of Graham county at Solomonville Friday afternoon. The petitions contained the signatures of 900 registered voters, and petitioned the board of supervisors to hold an election at an early date for the removal of the county seat from Solomonville to Safford.

The board of supervisors, after carefully checking over the names, ordered the election to be held on May 11. Safford is fast coming into its own. The Safford chamber of commerce is being supported loyally by every business man in town, and as a result of having this organization they are in a position to do justice to the coming election.

There have been many new and substantial homes built in and around the town of Safford in the past year.

J. Slay, representing a Fort Worth, Texas, firm of horse buyers, has bought over \$5000 worth of Gila valley horses in the past two weeks and was induced to come here by the Safford chamber of commerce board of directors, who realized the importance of riding the valley of its surplus horses and putting \$5000 or \$10,000 in gold into circulation at once.

State Engineer Here—

Hon. Lamar Cobb, State Engineer, arrived in Greenlee county on Friday, coming here from Cochise county on an inspection trip of state highways in Southern Arizona and for a conference with the Board of Supervisors regarding additional state highway construction in this vicinity. Upon the recommendation of the State Engineer the last session of the Legislature appropriated \$60,000 towards defraying the expenses of convict labor on state highways and in addition \$250,000 was agreed upon as the annual appropriation for state highway work.

APACHE PROJECT IS DEAD BODY FOUND BY MEXICAN BOYS IN DEEP RAVINE

Three Grandchildren of Representative Berry Among the Victims.

PRESSURE WAS TOO GREAT
Lake Four Miles Long and One Wide
Loosed in a Fury of Destruction.

St. Johns, April 15.—The dam at the Lyman reservoir, 12 miles above here, broke at 11 o'clock last night and the flood of water came on St. Johns without warning.

Eight people living right at the reservoir were drowned. Three children of Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Palmer and grandchildren of Representative Rachael Berry were among the number.

The property loss is estimated at \$400,000. Two other reservoirs below here will probably go out and the town of Woodruff will suffer heavily.

The flood reached a depth of three feet in some places at St. Johns, but no great damage was done here.

There was no loss of life after the flood passed St. Johns or in the city itself. The flood is somewhat larger than when the Salado reservoir dam gave way ten years ago.

HOLBROOK, April 15.—The Lyman reservoir dam, impounding the waters of the Little Colorado river 12 miles north of St. Johns, Apache county, broke at midnight, drowning eight. The reservoir at Hunt, northwest of St. Johns is in the path of the flood. If this dam breaks, the town of Woodruff, 12 miles southeast of Holbrook, will be threatened.

The Lyman dam and reservoir are located on the Little Colorado river twelve miles above St. Johns and twenty-four miles north of Springerville. The river at this part of its course runs almost due north.

The reservoir made a lake approximately four miles long and a mile wide, containing something more than 20,000 acre feet of water. The dam was built of earth and rock in an "L" shape 700 feet on one wing and 800 on the other. It rose to a height of fifty-two feet from bedrock and was built in 1913 under the supervision of Vincent P. Odont.

QUARANTINE TO BE BOARD OF PARDONS TO MEET SATURDAY

Livestock Sanitary Board Decides to Ask Governor to Allow Stock to Enter from Three Other States.

Modification of the Arizona livestock quarantine law so as to exempt Colorado, New Mexico and Texas, and permit shipments from those states to enter Arizona was decided at the meeting of the five stock sanitary board held this week and a formal recommendation that he issue a proclamation suspending the regulations as they affect the states named was transmitted to Governor Hunt. The board also voted to admit shipments of grain from California when same are accompanied by certificate from the state veterinarian.

Under the terms of the amended quarantine, stock shipments from Texas, New Mexico and Colorado will be admitted to Arizona as though no quarantine existed, but no cattle or other live stock will be allowed to enter from any other state, or from Mexico, New Mexico and Colorado have already signified their acceptance of the proposals of the Arizona board and have been notified of the action taken by that organization yesterday.

It is expected that Governor Hunt will issue his proclamation amending the quarantine regulations tomorrow, and that the new arrangement will be in force April 15, the date set by the other states for the modification to take effect. On and after that date shipments will probably be allowed to pass freely into and across the four states, California, Washington, Oregon, Nevada, Wyoming and Idaho have already entered into an agreement for the movement of live stock. The Arizona board will continue in session today.

Episcopal Services Sunday—

Rev. Jenkins, of Phoenix, arch deacon of the Episcopal church, will hold services in the Presbyterian church, North Clifton, on Sunday morning, April 18th, at 11 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services.

Mexican Employee of Shannon Copper Company Evidently Fell Into Ravine and Met Instant Death—Body Badly Decomposed and Torn by Dogs.

Just as we are going to press news was received of the finding of a dead body, that of a Mexican, in a deep ravine in South Clifton, leading down to the river from Shannon Hill.

The body was identified as that of Herculano Lerma, a Mexican employee of the Shannon Copper Company, and carried on the books of the Company as No. 232.

Judging from the condition of the body and the store pass book carried in an inside pocket, the man had been dead for about a month. On March 18th the last credit entry had been made in the pass book.

It is the theory of the officers that the man had fallen from the top of the hill, a distance of approximately two hundred feet to the bottom of the ravine. His skull had been fractured which was sufficient to cause instant death.

The body was discovered by a group of Mexican boys who were playing in the ravine and the officers were at once notified of the finding of the body. Upon arrival at the spot a gruesome sight awaited them. The body was badly decomposed and dogs had gnawed away the flesh on the hands and about the face.

An inquest will be held Saturday afternoon.

Divorce Suit Filed—

A divorce suit was filed in the Superior Court this week by Reyes Telles vs. Concepcion Casarez de Telles. Both parties are from Morenci.

Will Give Dance—

A meeting of the young men of Clifton will be held at Riley's Confectionery tomorrow (Saturday) evening for the purpose of arranging for a dance to be given at the Princess on Saturday evening, May 1st. The dance is being arranged as a return compliment for the April 1st ball given by the teachers and young lady friends.

Now that the supreme court has formally upheld the law creating the board of pardons and cleared the atmosphere of a further doubt regarding the matter, the board is preparing to actively take up the work for which it stands responsible.

A meeting will be held on Saturday at the penitentiary at which time several pending cases of pressing importance will be considered. Among these will undoubtedly be the five murderers who are now awaiting execution. The reprieve formerly granted by the board expires on Monday, but because of the delay in the handing down of the decision by the supreme court a further extension will be allowed in order that the board may have full opportunity to review the evidence before finally passing upon the applications.

These are the only capital cases which are before the board at the present time, although there are a dozen other murderers in the penitentiary. These, however, have not yet exhausted their right of appeal.

In the case of the men who, escaped recently while engaged on road work, it is stated that the board of pardons had recommended their reprieve in accordance with promises made, but that the governor had not seen fit to act upon the recommendation, and the men, feeling that the state had not kept faith with them, took the matter into their own hands, and took French leave.

Under the law as now laid down, the board of pardons recommends to the governor such clemency as is desired, and if the governor does not comply the board assumes jurisdiction in the premises. In other words, the power of executive clemency may only be exercised under the direction of the board of pardons.

Supt. Sims has not yet announced his attitude under the new regime. The warden is known to be opposed to capital punishment, but whether or not he will carry his personal feelings to the extent of giving up his job rather than become responsible for an execution has not yet been divulged.

It is probable that the first of the much deferred executions will take place late in May.

GOVERNOR SHORN OF SILVER SERVICE TO BATTLESHIP ARIZONA

Way is Now Cleared for Hanging at the Arizona State Prison at An Early Date.

PHOENIX, Ariz., April 13.—The new board of pardons law, adopted at the last election last November, which takes the power of pardoning and relieving out of the governor's hands and places it with a board, was upheld by the state supreme court.

An opinion to this effect was handed down by the court, Chief Justice H. D. Ross and Justice Alfred Franklin holding that the board of pardons law is legal and that the governor has no power except upon recommendation of the board of pardons.

Justice D. L. Cunningham made a dissenting opinion, covering about ten pages. The opinion of the other two justices which declares the board legal covers about thirteen pages.

The matter reached the supreme court through appeal by Knox Laird to decide the question of who has the pardoning and relieving power, the governor or the new board created at the election, and which is composed of Attorney General Wiley Jones, superintendent of public instruction, C. O. Case, and Frank Trout.

Laird had been pardoned by Gov. Hunt and Warden Sims refused to release him, not knowing whether the governor or the board had such power. The matter then went to the supreme court.

Pending decision of the matter, the board of pardons reprieved five Mexican murderers, N. B. Chavez, Eduardo Perez, Francisco Rodriguez, M. Peralta and Ramon Villalobos, for a month. Governor Hunt said the time was not long enough and extended the reprieve until May 28.

Besides the five named there are about ten more murderers under sentence of death in the state, the fate of several of whom rests with the board of pardons.

John Tomlin, A. M. Leonard, R. D. Talley, Francisco Garcia, W. W. Talley and William Faith have appealed to the supreme court for new trials.

The other four are men recently sentenced in various parts of the state.

"I have nothing to say," said Gov. Hunt when asked for a statement relative to the action of the supreme court.

ASHURST HOME WITH A SILVER SPEECH

Junior Senator of Arizona Returns to Arizona Filled With Optimism.

PHOENIX, April 13.—United States Senator Henry F. Ashurst came to town last evening with Mrs. Ashurst is domiciled at the Adams. The silver-tongued "Gentleman from Arizona" will speak tonight at the Jefferson banquet and will be one of the chief orators at the dam celebration Thursday.

The senator admits that he is glad to be "back home" and he looks the part. "There's a reality about life in Arizona," he says, "that is not altogether present in Washington. I like to get close to the people; like to meet them and talk with them, and learn their desires. That is the only way a public servant can serve to his fullest capacity."

Senator Ashurst radiates optimism especially when he looks over the situation in Arizona. "Copper at better than sixteen cents, and still going; wool bringing a good price; feeding conditions never better; the 'See America First' propaganda growing daily and here in the valley a great reservoir filled with water for the needs of your agriculturists. There is no wolf at Arizona's door."

The senator refused to discuss the great war any more than to say that the administration has successfully preserved a rigid neutrality that is certain to react to the eventual glory and benefit of the United States. "While the nations of the world are engaged in an orgy of destruction this country is busy with constructive achievements."

Ashurst sees no probability of an extraordinary session of congress. "Only some unforeseen contingency will bring it about," he said. "The president does not want it; congress does not want it, and the people do not want it."

Senator Ashurst has just returned from San Francisco, where he attended the exposition and a meeting of the live stock sanitary commission. He will spend several days in the valley investigating local conditions and meeting old friends and making new ones.

Teachers Will Be Selected—

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees to be held tomorrow evening selections will be made from the local corps for the ensuing year. It is reported that several changes will be made in the High School Department.

Douglas Chamber of Commerce Starts Movement to Present One—Legislature Refused Appropriation But Gift Should Be Made.

The Douglas Chamber of Commerce and Mines is taking the initiative in a movement having for its object the presentation to the battleship Arizona of a beautiful silver service on the occasion of the launching of the ship on June 19 at the New York navy-yard.

Secretary Goll was busy this morning on the preliminary work and to-night at the meeting of the Chamber the matter will take definite form. The local chamber will no doubt start the movement with a substantial subscription, after which other commercial organizations in the state will be called on to subscribe. There are at least 12 Chambers of Commerce or Commercial clubs in the state which will no doubt help in this cause.

A silver service in keeping with the magnificence of the battleship Arizona and the number of officers on it would cost several thousand dollars.

It is hardly to be expected that the entire amount will be contributed by subscription, and it is believed the state will appropriate the balance needed, in spite of the fact that at the last session of the legislature a bill authorizing the presentation by the state of a silver service to the battleship failed of passage.

Secretary Goll is anxious to get the movement started and feels that it will meet a hearty response. It is the custom for states to present a gift of some kind, usually a silver service, to battleships named after them, and it is the universal feeling in Arizona that the baby state should not lag behind in this respect. The new ship, which is No. 39, is a real leviathan of the deep and embraces all the modern improvements. Governor Hunt will name some young lady in the state as the ship's sponsor, and when it is launched a large delegation of prominent citizens will go to New York from Arizona.

ASSESSOR LISTING STOCKS OF BOOZE

Pima County Official Going After Those Who Have Liquor Laid by on Account of the Drought.

Although no formal ruling as to whether stocks of liquor can be taxed has been made, John W. Bogan, assessor of Pima county, has decided to go ahead and list for taxation all booze stored in his district. Advice to the effect that the Pima assessor is not failing to list liquor as personal property has been received by the state tax commission.

How to collect taxes on stocks of liquor where there is no real property owned is the question that is still to be settled by Attorney General Wiley E. Jones. Booze, he has decided, can be taxed, but how county treasurers are to collect the taxes where there is no other property of value, is a problem that has not been solved. The attorney general has written to a large number of states where prohibition is in effect, asking what has been done under similar circumstances. Pending the arrival of replies no formal opinion on the question will be sent to the state tax commission. Meanwhile the Pima assessor is going ahead and listing liquor so stored for taxation, and will leave the matter of how to collect the money for the treasurer to worry over.

Roosevelt Dam Celebration—

Several citizens of Greenlee and Graham counties attended the celebration held at the Roosevelt dam on Thursday of this week. Fully two thousand people were present from Maricopa, Gila and surrounding counties. The event celebrated the filling of the Roosevelt reservoir to overflowing for the first time since its completion. Speeches were made by Ex-Governor Kibbey, Hon. Carl Hayden and Senator Henry F. Ashurst. A barbecue lunch was served on the ground by the citizens of Globe.

Mail Route Discontinued—

On the 15th inst., by order of the post office department at Washington the mail route between Clifton and Morenci, was ordered discontinued after a service which lasted only thirty days. The contract was awarded in March to the Moder Transfer Co. The mail between Clifton and Morenci will be carried via The Morenci Southern as formerly.